[Name of Document]

Specification

[Title of Invention] Wiring Connection Method and Wiring Connection Structure

[Claims]

[Claim 1]

A wiring connection method characterized by comprising:

a step of connecting a bus bar for wiring inside an electronic apparatus and a harness for leading wiring to outside;

a step of placing the bus bar and the harness, which are connected together, in a notch portion of a housing; and

a step of filling a resin to fix the harness in the notch portion of the housing.

[Claim 2]

The wiring connecting method according to claim 1, characterized in that a connection portion between the bus bar and the harness is disposed so as to be in the resin filled portion.

[Claim 3]

The wiring connecting method according to claim 2, characterized in that a heat sink is provided to make contact with the resin filled portion.

[Claim 4]

A wiring connection method characterized by comprising:

a step of connecting a bus bar for wiring inside an electronic apparatus and a harness for leading out wiring to

outside;

a step of placing the bus bar and the harness in a notch portion of a housing so that a connection portion between the bus bar and the harness is exposed outside the housing;

a step of filling a resin to fix the bus bar in the notch portion of the housing and insert-molding the bus bar with the housing; and

a step of covering the connection portion between the bus bar and the harness, exposed from the housing with a thermally conductive resin.

[Claim 5]

A wiring connection method characterized by comprising:

a step of placing a bus bar in a notch portion of a housing so that a top end portion of the bus bar for wiring inside an electronic apparatus is exposed outside the housing;

a step of filling a resin to fix the bus bar in the notch portion of the housing and insert-molding the bus bar with the housing;

a step of connecting a harness with the bus bar; and a step of covering a connection portion between the bus bar and the harness, exposed from the housing with a thermally conductive resin.

[Claim 6]

A wiring connection method for an electronic apparatus containing electronic parts needing a large current for driving,

characterized by integrally molding a harness for wiring inside the electronic apparatus and leading out wiring to outside with a housing when the housing is molded.

[Claim 7]

A wiring connection structure for an electronic apparatus containing electronic parts needing a large current for driving, characterized in that a harness for wiring inside the electronic apparatus and leading out wiring to outside is molded integrally with a housing.

[Detailed Description of the Invention]

[Technical Field to which the Invention Belongs]

The present invention relates to a wiring connection method for leading out wiring of an electric circuit inside an electronic apparatus to the outside, and more particularly to a wiring connection method and structure for a power wiring connection to which a large current is applied.

[0002]

[Conventional Art]

Fig. 7 is an appearance view showing a conventional wiring connection structure for making wiring of an electronic apparatus to the outside. Fig. 8 is a cross-sectional view showing the conventional wiring connection structure for making the wiring of the electronic apparatus to the outside, taken along the line A-A' in Fig. 7.

[0003]

Generally, in the conventional wiring connection method and wiring connection structure for leading out the electric circuit wiring inside the electronic apparatus to the outside, particularly the power wiring connection method and wiring connection structure in which a large current is applied, a bus bar 4 and a connector pin 7 are insert molded in a housing 5 for the electronic apparatus and the bus bar 4 is connected via the soldered connector pin 7 to the outside, as shown in Figs. 7 and 8.

[0004]

In a conventional wiring connection structure 70 for the electronic apparatus to the outside, the bus bar 4 made of a metal material such as copper useful to supply a large current, and the connector pin 7 made of metal material such as copper and formed in L character shape to lead out the electric circuit wiring to the outside, wherein the bus bar 4 and the connector pin 7 are insert molded into the housing 5 molded of a resin material for the electronic apparatus, as shown in Figs. 7 and 8. And an electric circuit substrate portion 1 having electronic parts packaged on a printed board 2 (referred to as a board 2) is mounted within the housing 5, in which the connector pin 7 and the bus bar 4, and the bus bar 4 and the land on the board 2 are soldered.

[0005]

In this wiring connection, the wiring for the electric circuit substrate portion 1 composed of electric circuits including a control circuit are connected via the bus bar 4 and the connector pin 7 to a power supply wiring such as an external battery (connected to a connector 9a) and a load wiring (connected to a connector 9b) by means of a connector 8 for outside connection. Within this housing 5, the electric circuit substrate portion 1 is mounted, and after wiring connection, a lid 6 molded of resin material is put on the housing 5, whereby the electronic apparatus is assembled.

The housing 5 is molded of resin material like a box, and has the bus bar 4 and the connector pin 7 insert molded, in which the electric circuit substrate portion 1 is mounted within the housing 5.

[0007]

[0006]

The projection ribs 5c and 5d are provided on the inner faces of a front frame portion and a rear frame portion for this housing 5, respectively, the end portions 4c and 4d of the bus bar 4 are insert molded into the projection ribs 5c and 5d, and the electric circuit substrate portion 1 is mounted on the upper faces 5e and 5f of the projection ribs 5c and 5d. [0008]

A projection portion 5a having a concave portion 5b with an opening at one end to insert the connector 8 for outside

connection is provided on an outer surface of the front frame portion for the housing 5, the connector pin 7 is insert molded into a bottom wall 5h of this concave portion 5b, and a rib 5g for attaching the lid 6 made of resin material is molded on an upper face portion with an opening in the housing 5. The connector 8 for outside connection is inserted into the concave portion 5b of the projection portion 5a into which the connector pin 7 for this housing 5 is insert molded, and the electric circuit wiring including a control circuit in the electric circuit substrate portion 1 mounted within the housing 5 are connected via the connector pin 7 to the power source supply wiring connector 9a for the external battery and the load wiring connector 9b by means of the connector 8 for outside connection.

The bus bar 4 has the terminals 4a, 4b formed by punching and bending a part of the bus bar 4 at the positions spaced apart a predetermined distance from one end of the front face side toward the rear face side (e.g., a junction position with the connector pin 7, and a junction position with the land of the board 2), the terminals 4a and 4b being formed of a metal material such as copper like a plate. This bus bar 4 has the end portions 4c and 4d insert molded into the projection ribs 5c and 5d provided on the front frame portion and the rear frame portion of the housing 5, respectively. And this bus bar 4 is employed to connect the power supply wiring via the connector

pin 7 to the land on the board 2 by soldering a terminal 4a of the bus bar 4 with a junction portion 71 of the connector pin 7, and soldering a terminal 4b of the bus bar 4 with a junction portion 72 of the board 2, after the electric circuit substrate portion 1 is mounted within the housing 5.

[0010]

[Problems that the Invention is to Solve]

In the above wiring connection method and structure for leading out the wiring inside the electronic apparatus to the outside, particularly the power wiring connection method and structure in which a large current is applied, it is required to solder the bus bar and the connector pin provided within the housing of the electronic apparatus, and the board and the bus bar. And the soldering must be performed after the bus bar, the connector pin and the board are accommodated within the housing, and takes a lot of trouble. Also, the connector is employed for wiring connection, resulting in more costs.

The present invention has been achieved to solve the above-mentioned problems, and it is an object of the invention to provide a wiring connection method and structure in which the wiring connection can be made in a smaller number of steps, and the costs can be reduced.

[0012]

[Means for Solving the Problems]

In order to accomplish the above object, the present invention provides a wiring connection method characterized by comprising: a step of connecting a bus bar for wiring inside an electronic apparatus and a harness for leading wiring to outside; a step of placing the bus bar and the harness, which are connected together, in a notch portion of a housing; and a step of filling a resin to fix the harness in the notch portion of the housing..

[0013]

A connection portion between the bus bar and the harness is disposed so as to be in the resin filled portion.

[0014]

a heat sink is provided to make contact with the resin filled portion.

[0015]

Also, the invention provides A wiring connection method characterized by comprising: a step of connecting a bus bar for wiring inside an electronic apparatus and a harness for leading out wiring to outside; a step of placing the bus bar and the harness in a notch portion of a housing so that a connection portion between the bus bar and the harness is exposed outside the housing; step of filling a resin to fix the bus bar in the notch portion of the housing and insert-molding the bus bar with the housing; and a step of covering the connection portion between the bus bar and the harness, exposed from the housing

with a thermally conductive resin.
[0016]

Also, the invention provides a wiring connection method characterized by comprising: a step of placing a bus bar in a notch portion of a housing so that a top end portion of the bus bar for wiring inside an electronic apparatus is exposed outside the housing; a step of filling a resin to fix the bus bar in the notch portion of the housing and insert-molding the bus bar with the housing; a step of connecting a harness with the bus bar; and a step of covering a connection portion between the bus bar and the harness, exposed from the housing with a thermally conductive resin.

[0017]

Also, the invention provides a wiring connection method for an electronic apparatus containing electronic parts needing a large current for driving, characterized by integrally molding a harness for wiring inside the electronic apparatus and leading out wiring to outside with a housing when the housing is molded. [0018]

Also, the invention provides a wiring connection structure for an electronic apparatus containing electronic parts needing a large current for driving, characterized in that a harness for wiring inside the electronic apparatus and leading out wiring to outside is molded integrally with a housing.

[0019]

[Embodiments]

The preferred embodiments of the present invention will be described below with reference to the accompanying drawings.
[0020]

Fig. 1 is an appearance view showing a wiring connection structure for making the wiring of an electronic apparatus to the outside according to a first embodiment of the present invention, and Fig. 2 is a cross-sectional view showing a wiring connection method for making the wiring of the electronic apparatus to the outside according to the first embodiment of the invention, taken along the line B-B' in Fig. 1. Through the first to third embodiments, the same parts are designated by the same or like numerals, and the description of these parts is given mainly in the first embodiment, and omitted in other embodiments.

[0021]

The wiring connection structure 10 for the electronic apparatus to the outside according to the first embodiment of the invention includes a bus bar 14 made of a metal material such as copper for use to supply a large current and a harness 17 for outside connection formed of a metal wire rod such as copper wire having a jacket made of an insulating material, which are connected and insert molded into a housing 15 formed of a resin material for the electronic apparatus, as shown in

Figs. 1 and 2. An electric circuit substrate portion 11 having the electronic parts 13 packaged on a printed board 12 (simply referred to as a board 12) is mounted in this housing 15, and the bus bar 14 is soldered to the land of the board 12 to make the wiring. Thereby, the wiring of the electric circuit substrate portion 11 composed of electric circuits including a control circuit are directly connected via the harness 17 for outside connection connected with the bus bar 14 insert molded into the housing 15 to a power supply wiring portion 23 such as an external battery (e.g., connected to a connector or a terminal portion of the battery) and a load wiring portion 24 (e.g., a wiring portion on the board making up a load circuit or a load circuit connector) without the use of any connector. This housing 15 has the electric circuit substrate portion 11 mounted, and is covered with a lid 16 formed of a resin material, after being wired with the bus bar 14 insert molded into the housing 15, whereby the electronic apparatus of tightly closed structure is assembled.

[0022]

The housing 15 is formed of resin material such as ABS resin like a box, in which the bus bar 14 and the harness 17 for outside connection formed of a metal wire rod such as copper wire having a jacket made of an insulating material that is welded with the bus bar 14 are insert molded into the housing 15, and the electric circuit substrate portion 11 is mounted

in the housing 15. The projection ribs 15c and 15d are provided on the inner faces of a front frame portion and a rear frame portion for this housing 15, respectively. The end portions 14c and 14d of the bus bar 14 are insert molded into the projection ribs 15c and 15d, respectively. The harness 17 for outside connection composed of a jacket 19 made of insulating material and a core wire 18 such as copper wire that is welded with the bus bar 14 is disposed in an attaching hole 15a provided on the front frame portion of the housing 15, and insert molded into the housing 15 in a state where it is connected with the bus bar 14.

[0023]

The projection ribs 15c and 15d of this housing 15 are provided with the planar portions 15e and 15f for mounting the electric circuit substrate portion 11, and a rib 15g for mounting the lid 16 made of a resin material is molded on an upper face portion with opening in the housing.

[0024]

After the electric circuit substrate portion 11 is mounted within the housing 15, the land of the board 12 is soldered with the bus bar 14. Thereby, the electric circuit wiring of the electric circuit substrate portion 11 composed of electric circuits including a control circuit is directly connected via the bus bar 14 and the harness 17 for outside connection to the power supply wiring portion 23 such as an external battery

(e.g., connected to a connector or a terminal portion of the battery) and the load wiring portion 24 (e.g., a wiring portion on the board making up a load circuit or a load circuit connector).

[0025]

For insert molding the harness 17 for outside connection into the housing 15, in the case where the housing 15 is made of ABS material that is a resin material for low temperatures (e.g., 100°C), the harness 17 for outside connection is disposed into the attaching hole 15a on the front frame portion for the housing 15 in a state where the jacket 19 of insulating material is covered over the core wire 18 such as copper wire and then insert molded. Also, in the case where the housing 15 is made of TBS material that is a resin material for high temperatures (e.g., 220°C) or PPS material (e.g., 300°C), the harness 17 for outside connection is disposed into the attaching hole 15a on the front frame portion for the housing 15 in a state where a heat resisting taut tube 19 is put on the jacket 19 of insulating material that is covered over the core wire 18 such as copper wire and then insert molded. When the ABS material is employed, the above molding method may be used.

[0026]

The bus bar 14 is formed with a bore 14a for inserting and welding the core wire 18 of the harness 17 for outside connection at a position spaced apart a predetermined distance from one end of the front face side toward the rear face side,

and has a terminal 14b that is formed by punching and bending a part of the bus bar 14 at a position opposite the land of the board 12. The bus bar 14 is made of a metal material such as copper and shaped like a plate. This bus bar 14 has the end portions 14c and 14d insert molded into the projection ribs 15c and 15d provided on the front frame portion and the rear frame portion of the housing 15, respectively. After the electric circuit substrate portion 11 is mounted in the housing 15, the terminal 14b of the bus bar 14 is inserted into a bore 12b having the land of the board 12, and a connection of the terminal 14b and the land of the board 12 are soldered, whereby the power supply wiring are connected via the harness 17 for outside connection and the bus bar 14 to the land of the board 12.

The harness 17 for outside connection has the jacket 19 of insulating material covered over the core wire 18 such as copper wire, and is used to make the electrical connections, namely, to connect the wiring of the electric circuit substrate portion 11 composed of electric circuits including a control circuit via the bus bar 14 to the power supply wiring portion 23 such as an external battery and the load wiring portion 24, to be useful to supply a large current. This harness 17 for outside connection is welded beforehand with the bus bar 14, whereby the electric circuit wiring of the electric circuit substrate portion 11 are connected via the bus bar 14 to the

external battery without the use of the connector. Hence, it is prevent a current loss due to the connector when supplying large current.

[0028]

Referring to Fig. 3, a procedure for the wiring connection method for use with the wiring connection structure 10 for the electronic apparatus to the outside will be described below.

[0029]

Fig. 3 is an explanatory cross-sectional view showing the steps of the wiring connection method for making the wiring of the electronic apparatus to the outside according to the first embodiment of the invention. Fig. 3A shows a step of welding the bus bar and the harness, Fig. 3B shows a step of placing the bus bar in the housing in a state where the bus bar and the harness are welded, Fig. 3C shows a step of insert molding the bus bar and the harness into the housing by filling resin into the housing, and Fig. 4D shows a step of mounting the electric circuit substrate portion in the housing and soldering the bus bar with the circuit pattern of the electric circuit substrate portion.

[0030]

At the step of welding the bus bar 14 and the harness 17, several harnesses 17 for outside connection having a certain length (e.g., length from the position of the bus bar 14 provided in the electric circuit substrate portion 11 including the

control circuit to the position of the power supply wiring portion 23 such as an external battery, or to the position of the load wiring portion 24) are connected with the bus bar by ultrasonic welding or resistance welding, as shown in Fig. 3A. For this welding, the core wire 18 for the harness 17 for outside connection having the jacket 19 removed by a certain length is inserted into the bore 14a provided in the bus bar 14 to project from the surface, and then the bus bar 14 and the core wire 18a are welded at the projection portion 22 of this core wire 18.

[0031]

At the step of placing the bus bar 14 in the housing in a state where the bus bar 14 and the harness 17 are connected, the bus bar 14 and the harness 17 welded are placed in the housing 15, as shown in Fig. 3B. This is performed by placing the end portion 14d of the bus bar 14 in a notch portion 15i of the projection rib 15d provided in the rear frame portion of the housing 15, placing the front end portion 14c of the bus bar 14 in a notch portion 15h of the projection rib 15c provided in the front frame portion of the housing 15, and placing the harness 17 for outside connection in the attaching hole 15a in the front frame portion of the housing 15 in a state where the jacket 19 is covered around the core wire 18.

Next, at the step of insert molding the bus bar 14 and

the harness 17 into the housing 15 by filling resin into the housing, the bus bar 14 and the harness 17 are insert molded into the housing 15 by filling resin into a placement portion of the housing 15 where the bus bar 14 and the harness 17 are disposed, as shown in Fig. 3C. This is performed by filling a resin material 26 into the end portion 14d of the bus bar 14 disposed in the notch portion 15i of the projection rib 15d provided in the rear frame portion of the housing 15, filling a resin material 25 into the end portion 14c of the bus bar 14 disposed in the notch portion 15h of the projection rib 15c provided in the front frame portion of the housing 15, and filling a resin material 27 into the harness 17 for outside connection disposed in the attaching hole 15a in the front frame portion of the housing 15.

[0033]

Lastly, at the step of mounting the electric circuit substrate portion 11 in the housing 15 and soldering the bus bar 14 with the circuit pattern of the electric circuit substrate portion 11, the electric circuit substrate portion 11 is mounted on the upper faces 15e and 15f of the projection ribs 15c and 15d in the housing 15 having the bus bar 14 and the harness 17 for outside connection insert molded, as shown in Fig. 3D. [0034]

At the time of mounting the electric circuit substrate portion 11 in the housing 15, the end portion 14b of the bus

bar 14 is inserted into the bore 12b having the land of the board 12, and the electric circuit substrate portion 11 is attached on the housing 15, using an attaching screw (not shown). And the projection portion 21 at the terminal 14b of the bus bar 14 inserted into the bore 12b of the board 12 having the land and the land of the board 12 are soldered. This step of soldering the terminal 14b of the bus bar 14 and the land of the board 12 may be made at the time of connecting the bus bar 14 and the harness 17 for outside connection before placing the bus bar 14 and the harness 17 for outside connection in the housing 15.

[0035]

An electronic apparatus of closed structure, for example, is assembled by putting the lid 16 on the housing 15 in which the electric circuit substrate portion 11 is mounted. The harness 17 for outside connection disposed in this electronic apparatus is connected to the power supply wiring portion 23 such as an external battery (e.g., connected to a connector 23 or a terminal portion of the battery) and the load wiring portion 24 (e.g., a wiring portion on the board making up a load circuit or a load circuit connector).

[0036]

As described above, in the wiring connection method and structure 10 for the electronic apparatus to the outside according to the first embodiment of this invention, the bus

bar 14 for use to supply a large current and the harness 17 for outside connection are welded before they are accommodated within the housing 15, and insert molded into the housing 15 for the electronic apparatus in a state where they are connected, whereby the wiring of the electric circuit substrate portion 11 composed of electric circuits including a control circuit, which is soldered to the bus bar 14, to the outside can be directly connected via the harness 17 for outside connection to the power supply wiring portion 23 such as an external battery and the load wiring portion 24 without the use of any connector. Hence, the number of parts such as a connector can be reduced. Since the bus bar 14 and the harness 17 for outside connection are connected before being accommodated within the housing 15, the number of steps for soldering the connector pin and the bus bar can be reduced. And it is possible to prevent a current loss due to the connector when supplying a large current. [0037]

A wiring connection structure 30 for an electronic apparatus to the outside according to a second embodiment of the invention will be described below with reference to the accompanying drawings.

[0038]

Fig. 4 is a cross-sectional view showing the wiring connection structure for making the wiring of the electronic apparatus to the outside according to the second embodiment

of the invention.

[0039]

The wiring connection structure 30 for the electronic apparatus to the outside according to the second embodiment of the invention includes a bus bar 34 made of a metal material such as copper for use to supply a large current and a harness 37 for outside connection formed of a metal wire rod such as copper wire having a jacket made of an insulating material, in which one edge 34a of the bus bar 34 shaped like an L character on the front face is welded to one end 38a of a core wire 38 for the harness 37 for outside connection, a welded portion between one edge 34a of this bus bar 34 and one end 38a of the harness 37 for outside connection being disposed to protrude from a front frame portion 35a of a housing 35, in contract to the first embodiment of the invention, as shown in Fig. 4. And this bus bar 34 connected with the harness 37 for outside connection is insert molded into the housing 35, and the welded portion between one edge 34a of the bus bar 34 and one end 38a of the harness 37 for outside connection is molded of a resin material 44 having a high thermal conductivity. Accordingly, only a different point from those of the first embodiment of the invention, including injection molding the resin material 44 into the welded portion between the bus bar 34 and the harness 37 for outside connection, insert molding of the bus bar 34 into the housing 35, the welded portion between the bus bar 34 and the harness 37 for outside connection will be described below, and the description of other points is omitted.
[0040]

The housing 35 is formed of resin material such as ABS, TBT or PPS resin and shaped like a box, in which the bus bar 34 and the harness 37 for outside connection formed of a metal wire rod such as copper wire having the jacket made of an insulating material that is welded with the bus bar 34 are insert molded into the housing 35. On the rear face side of this housing, a heat radiating plate 46 to which the electronic parts 45 having large heat capacity are attached is installed, and a lid 36 formed of resin material is attached on the upper side of the housing 35.

[0041]

The projection ribs 35a and 35b are provided on the inner faces of a front frame portion and a rear frame portion for this housing 35, respectively. The bus bar 34 is insert molded into the housing 35 in such a manner that within a projection rib 35a of this front frame portion, a portion 34d spaced from one edge 34a of the bus bar 34 is disposed in a state where one edge 34a formed like an L-character on the front face side of the bus bar 34 projects from the front frame portion of the housing 35, while within a projection rib 35b of the rear frame portion, the other end portion 34e of the bus bar 34 on the rear face side is disposed.

[0042]

In order to mount the electric circuit substrate portion 31, the planar upper face portions 35c and 35d are provided on the projection ribs 35a and 35b of the housing 35, and a planar portion 5e for attaching the lid 36 formed of resin material is molded on an upper face portion with opening in the housing 35. And a heat radiating plate 46 made of a metal material having high heat conductivity is installed on the back face of the lid 35.

[0043]

On the front frame portion 35a of this housing 35, the lid 36 attached on the upper face portion with opening in the housing 35 is greatly formed to protrude from the front frame portion 35a, and the heat radiating plate 46 installed on the back face of the housing 35 is greatly formed to protrude from the front frame portion 35a, thereby generating a cavity portion surrounded by the front frame portion 35a of the housing 35, the lid 36 and the heat radiating plate 46. The resin material 44 having high heat conductivity is poured into this cavity portion, whereby the welded portion between one end 38a of the core wire 38 for the harness 37 for outside connection disposed in the cavity portion and one edge 34a of the bus bar 34 is molded of the resin material 44.

[0044]

After the electric circuit substrate portion 31 is mounted

within the housing 36, the land of the board 32 is soldered with the bus bar 14, whereby the electric circuit wiring of the electric circuit substrate portion 31 composed of electric circuits including a control circuit are directly connected via the bus bar 34 and the harness 37 for outside connection to the power supply wiring portion (not shown) such as an external battery and the load wiring portion (not shown).

[0045]

By placing the welded portion between one end 38a of the core wire 38 for the harness 37 for outside connection and one edge 34a of the bus bar 34 in the cavity portion surrounded by the front frame portion 35a of the housing 35, the lid 36 and the heat radiating plate 46, and injection molding the resin material 44 having high heat conductivity, the harness 37 for outside connection welded with one edge 34a of the bus bar 34 has a stronger holding power, and the heating of the welded portion due to supply of large electric power can be radiated via the resin material 44 to the heat radiating plate 46. The cavity portion into which the resin material 44 is filled may be formed by providing the projection portions on the upper and lower faces of the front frame portion 35a in the housing 35, and molding the front frame portion having a U-character shape in cross section. And the heat radiating plate 46 may be dispensed with depending on the degree of heating due to supply of electric power, and the frame portion on the lower

face may be integrated with the housing 35. Also, the resin material 44 may not have high heat conductivity.

The cavity portion surrounded by the front frame portion 35a of the housing 35, the lid 36 and the heat radiating plate 46 may not be provided depending on the degree of heating due to supply of electric power, and the resin material 44 may not be filled by injection.

The bus bar 34 has one edge 34a shaped like the L-character that makes contact with the core wire 38 of the harness 37 for outside connection to be welded at one edge on the front face side, a terminal 34c formed by punching and bending a part of the bus bar 34 is provided at a position opposed to a lead wire 45a of an electronic component 45 that is spaced a certain length from this one edge 34a to the rear face side, and a terminal 34b formed by punching and bending a part of the bus bar 34 is provided at a position opposed to the land of the board 32 that is spaced a certain length from this one edge 34a to the rear face side, and is made of a metal material such as copper and shaped like a plate.

[0048]

[0047]

This bus bar 34 is disposed such that one edge 34a of the bus bar 34 projects from the front frame portion 35a of the housing 35 and the portion 34d spaced from one edge 34a

of the bus bar 34 toward the rear face side penetrate through the projection rib 35a provided in the front frame portion of the housing 35, the other end 34e of the bus bar 34 on the rear face side being disposed in the projection rib 35b provided in the rear frame portion of the housing 35, and insert molded into the housing 35. This bus bar 34 has the lead wire 45a of the electronic part 45 having large heat capacity soldered beforehand with the terminal 34c of the bus bar 34.

This housing 35 has the heat radiating plate 46 installed on the back face of the housing 35, and the electronic part 45 having large heat capacity soldered with the bus bar 34 is attached on the inner face of this heat radiating plate 46 and fixed by the attaching screw (not shown). After the electric circuit substrate portion 31 is mounted in the housing 35, the terminal 34b of the bus bar 34 is soldered with a joint 41 of the land on the board 32, and the power supply wiring is connected via the harness 37 for outside connection and the bus bar 34 to the electric circuit substrate portion 31.

The harness 37 for outside connection has a jacket 39 of insulating material covered over the core wire 38 such as copper wire, and is used to make the electrical connections, namely, to connect the wiring of the electric circuit substrate portion 31 composed of electric circuits including a control

circuit via the bus bar 34 to the power supply wiring portion (not shown) such as an external battery and the load wiring portion (not shown), to be useful to supply a large current to the electric circuit substrate portion 31. This harness 37 for outside connection has the core wire portion 38a with the jacket 39 at one end of the harness 37 for outside connected removed beforehand by a certain length, the core wire portion 38a being welded beforehand with one edge 34a of the bus bar 34 shaped like the L-character, and is bent at a position spaced a certain distance from the welded portion to be connected to the power supply wiring portion such as external battery and the load wiring portion.

[0051]

The welded portion where one end 38a of the core wire for the harness 37 for outside connection and one edge 34a of this bus bar 34 is placed in the cavity portion surrounded by the front frame portion 35a of the housing 35, the lid 36 and the heat radiating plate 46, and the resin material 44 having high heat conductivity is filled into this cavity portion, whereby the harness 37 for outside connection welded with one edge 34a of the bus bar 34 is molded of resin and has a stronger holding power, and the heating of the welded portion due to supply of large electric power can be radiated via the resin material 44 to the heat radiating plate 46. Since the electronic apparatus is connected to the external battery without the use

of the connector, it is possible to prevent a current loss in the connector portion when supplying large current.
[0052]

Referring to Fig. 5, a procedure for the wiring connection method for use with the wiring connection structure 30 for the electronic apparatus to the outside will be described below.
[0053]

Fig. 5 is an explanatory cross-sectional view showing the steps of the wiring connection method for making the wiring of the electronic apparatus to the outside according to the second embodiment of the invention. Fig. 5A shows a step of welding the bus bar and the harness, Fig. 5B shows a step of placing the bus bar in the housing in a state where the bus bar and the harness are welded, Fig. 5C shows a step of insert molding the bus bar and the harness into the housing by filling resin into the housing, and Fig. 5D shows a step of mounting the electric circuit substrate portion in the housing and soldering the bus bar with the circuit pattern of the electric circuit substrate portion, and a step of pouring and molding the resin into the welded portion between the bus bar and the harness.

[0054]

At the step of welding the bus bar 34 and the harness 37, several harnesses 37 for outside connection having a certain length (e.g., length from the position of one edge 34a of the

bus bar 14 provided in the electric circuit substrate portion 11 including the control circuit to the position of the power supply wiring portion such as an external battery, or to the position of the load wiring portion) are connected with the bus bar 34 by ultrasonic welding or resistance welding, as shown in Fig. 5A.

[0055]

For this connection, the core wire 18 for the harness 37 for outside connection having the jacket 19 removed by a certain length is contacted and welded with one edge 34a of the bus bar 34. Also, the lead wire 45a of the electrical part 45 having large heat capacity is soldered with the projection portion 42 of the terminal 34c for this bus bar 34. [0056]

At the step of placing the bus bar 34 in the housing in a state where the bus bar 34 and the harness 37 are connected, the bus bar 34 is disposed in the housing 35 while the welded portion between the bus bar 34 and the harness 37 protrudes from the front frame portion 35a of the housing 15, as shown in Fig. 5B. This is performed by placing the rear end portion 34d of the bus bar 34 in a notch portion 35g of the projection rib 35b provided in the rear frame portion of the housing 35, and placing the portion 34d of the bus bar 34 spaced a certain length from the front end portion 34a toward the rear face side in a notch portion 35f of the projection rib 35a provided in

the front frame portion of the housing 35.
[0057]

Next, at the step of insert molding the bus bar 34 and the harness 37 into the housing 35 by filling resin into the housing 35, the bus bar 34 and the harness 37 are insert molded into the housing 35 by filling resin into a placement portion of the housing 35 where the bus bar 34 and the harness 37 are disposed, as shown in Fig. 5C. This is performed by filling a resin material 46 into the rear end portion 34e of the bus bar 34 disposed in the notch portion 35g of the projection rib 35b provided in the rear frame portion of the housing 35, and filling a resin material 47 into the portion 34d of the bus bar 34 spaced a certain length from the front end portion 34a of the bus bar 34 toward the rear face side of the bus bar 34 disposed in the notch portion 35f of the projection rib 35a provided in the front frame portion of the housing 35.

Lastly, at the step of mounting the electric circuit substrate portion 31 in the housing 35 and soldering the bus bar 34 with the circuit pattern of the electric circuit substrate portion 31, and at the step of pouring and molding the resin material into the welded portion between the bus bar 34 and the harness 37, the heat radiating plate 46 is installed on the rear face side 35h of the housing 35, into which the bus bar 34 welded with the harness 37 for outside connection is

insert molded, and the electric circuit substrate portion 31 is mounted on the upper faces 35c and 35d of the projection ribs 35a and 35b in the housing 35 having the bus bar 14 and the harness 17 for outside connection insert molded, as shown in Fig. 5D.

[0059]

In installing this heat radiating plate 46 on the rear face 35h of the housing 35, the electric part having large heat capacity soldered with the bus bar 34 is attached on the inner face of the heat radiating plate 46, using an attaching screw (not shown), after the heat radiating plate 46 is fixed onto the housing 35. And at the time of mounting the electric circuit substrate portion 31 in the housing 35, the end portion 34b of the bus bar 34 is inserted into the bore 32b having the land of the board 32, and the electric circuit substrate portion 31 is attached on the housing 35, using an attaching screw (not shown). And the projection portion 41 at the terminal 34b of the bus bar 14 inserted into the bore 32b having the land of the board 32 and the land of the board 32 are soldered. This step of soldering the terminal 34b of the bus bar 34 and the land of the board 32 may be made at the time of connecting the bus bar 34 and the harness 37 for outside connection before placing the bus bar 34 and the harness 37 for outside connection in the housing 35.

[0060]

Then, the lid 36 is put on the housing 35 having the electric circuit substrate portion 11 mounted, and the resin material 44 having high heat conductivity is poured and molded into the welded portion between one edge 34a of the bus bar 34 disposed in the cavity portion surrounded by the front frame portion 35a of the housing 35, the lid 36 and the heat radiating plate 46 and the core wire portion 38a of the harness 37 for outside connection.

[0061]

The harness 37 for outside connection disposed in this electronic apparatus is connected to the power supply wiring portion such as an external battery (e.g., connected to a connector or a terminal portion of the battery) and the load wiring portion (e.g., a wiring portion on the board making up a load circuit or a load circuit connector).

In the case where the cavity portion into which the resin material 44 is filled is formed by providing the projection portions on the upper and lower faces of the front frame portion 35a in the housing 35, and molding the front frame portion having a cross section of the U-character shape, the step of pouring the resin material 44 having high heat conductivity into the cavity portion may be made at the step of insert molding the bus bar welded with the harness into the housing by filling the resin in the housing, as shown in Fig. 5C. In the second

embodiment of the invention, the bus bar 34 is insert molded into the housing 35 in a state where one edge 34a of the bus bar 34 and the core wire 38 of the harness 37 for outside connection are welded, and the welded portion between one edge 34a of the bus bar 34 and the core wire 38 of the harness 37 for outside connection is molded of the resin material 44. Alternatively, the bus bar 34 may be insert molded into the housing 35, and one edge 34a of the bus bar 34 and the core wire 38 of the harness 37 for outside connection may be soldered, whereby the welded portion between one edge 34a of the bus bar 34 and the core wire 38 of the harness 37 for outside connection may be molded of the resin material 44. Also, in the second embodiment of the invention, the bus bar 34 welded with the core wire 38 of the harness 37 for outside connection is insert molded into the housing 35, and the welded portion is molded of the resin material 44. Alternatively, the bus bar 34 and the welded portion may be insert molded into the housing 35 at the same step so that the resin material 44 and the front frame portion 35a of the housing 35 may be integrated.

[0063]

As described above, in the wiring connection method and structure 30 for the electronic apparatus to the outside according to the second embodiment of this invention, the bus bar 34 for use to supply a large current and the harness 37 for outside connection are welded, and insert molded into the

housing 35 for the electronic apparatus in a state where they are connected, and the harness 37 for outside connection welded with the bus bar 34 is molded of the resin material 44 having high heat conductivity, whereby the wiring of the electric circuit substrate portion 31 composed of electric circuits including a control circuit, which is soldered to the bus bar 34, to the outside can be directly connected via the harness 37 for outside connection to the power supply wiring portion such as an external battery and the load wiring portion without the use of any connector. Hence, the number of parts such as a connector can be reduced. Since the bus bar 34 and the harness 37 for outside connection are connected before being accommodated within the housing 35, the number of steps for soldering the connector pin and the bus bar can be reduced.

Since the welded portion between the harness 37 for outside connection and the bus bar 34 is molded of the resin material 44 having high heat conductivity, the heat generated in the welded portion between the harness 37 for outside connection and the bus bar 34, due to a large current applied, can be diffused via the resin material 44 to the heat radiating plate 46, and the harness 37 for outside connection has a stronger holding power.

[0065]

A wiring connection structure 50 for an electronic

apparatus to the outside according to a third embodiment of the invention will be described below with reference to the accompanying drawings.

[0066]

Fig. 6 is a cross-sectional view showing the wiring connection structure for making the wiring of the electronic apparatus to the outside according to the third embodiment of the invention. Fig. 6A is a perspective view, partly in cross section, and Fig. 6B is a cross-sectional view.

The wiring connection structure 50 for the electronic apparatus to the outside according to the third embodiment of the invention, in contrast to the first embodiment of the invention, includes a harness 57 for outside connection formed of a core wire 58 made of metal wire rod such as copper wire having a jacket 59 made of an insulating material to supply a large current within the housing, without the use of a bus bar, in which the harness 57 for outside connection is laid opposite the connection with an electric circuit substrate portion 51, and directly insert molded into a front frame portion 55a and a rear frame portion 55b in the housing 55, as shown in Fig. 8. This insert molding is made by disposing a rear face end portion 57b of the harness 57 for outside connection within the rear frame portion 55b and placing a front lead-out portion 57a of the harness 57 for outside connection to penetrate through

the front frame portion 55a, in which one end of the harness 57 for outside connection insert molded into the housing 55 is soldered with a terminal of the electric circuit substrate portion 51. Accordingly, only a different point from those of the first embodiment of the invention, including injection molding the harness 57 for outside connection into the housing 55 will be described below, and the description of other points is omitted.

[8800]

The housing 55 is formed of resin material such as ABS resin and shaped like a box, in which the harness 57 for outside connection formed of a metal wire rod such as copper wire having the jacket made of an insulating material is insert molded into the housing 35. Within this housing 55, the electric circuit substrate portion 51 is mounted, and a lid 56 formed of resin material is attached on the upper face side of the housing 55.

The projection ribs 55a and 55b are provided on the inner faces of a front frame portion and a rear frame portion for this housing 55, respectively. The harness 57 for outside connection is insert molded in such a manner that within a projection rib 55a of this front frame portion, a front face lead-out portion 57a for the harness 57 for outside connection is disposed to penetrate through the projection rib 55a in a state where the jacket 59 is covered over the core wire 58,

and a rear face end portion 57b for the harness 57 for outside connection is disposed within a projection rib 55b. The planes for mounting the electric circuit substrate portion 51 are provided on the upper faces 55c and 55d of the projection ribs 55a and 55b in the housing 55, and a planar portion 55e for attaching the lid 56 formed of resin material is molded on an upper face portion with opening in the housing 55.

[0070]

After the electric circuit substrate portion 51 is mounted within the housing 55, the land of the board 52 is soldered at one end 58a of the core wire 58 for the harness 57 for outside connection, whereby the electric circuit wiring of the electric circuit substrate portion 51 composed of electric circuits including a control circuit are directly connected via the harness 57 for outside connection to a power supply wiring portion (not shown) such as an external battery and a load wiring portion (not shown).

The harness 57 for outside connection has the jacket 59 of insulating material covered over the core wire 58 such as copper wire, and is used to make the electrical connections, particularly to connect the electric circuit wiring of the electric circuit substrate portion 51 composed of electric circuits including a control circuit via the harness 57 for outside connection to the power supply wiring portion (not shown)

[0071]

such as an external battery and the load wiring portion (not shown), to be useful to supply a large current to the electric circuit substrate portion 51.

This harness 57 for outside connection has the front face lead-out portion 57a of the harness 57 for outside connection disposed to penetrate through the projection rib 55a of the housing 55 in a state where the jacket 59 is covered over the core wire 58, and insert molded by placing the rear face end portion 57b of the harness 57 for outside connection within the projection rib 55b of the housing 55. The harness 57 for outside connection insert molded into this housing 55 is laid a certain length from the front face lead-out portion 57a and connected to the power supply wiring portion such as external battery and the load wiring portion.

For this harness 57 for outside connection, after the electric circuit substrate portion 51 is mounted in the housing 55, one end of the harness 57 is bent in a direction against the electric circuit substrate portion 51, the core wire 58a having the jacket 59 removed a certain length is inserted into the bore 52b having the land on the electric circuit substrate portion 51 toproject from the electric circuit substrate portion 51 toproject from the electric circuit substrate portion 51, in which the core wire 58a of the projecting portions 61b and 61a is soldered with the land, and the power supply wiring

[0073]

is connected to the land of the board 52, directly using the harness 57. Thereby, the harness 57 for outside connection is insert molded into the housing 55 with a stronger holding power, and can be directly connected to the external battery without the use of any bus bar and any connector, it is possible to prevent a current loss in the bus bar and the connector portion when supplying large current, and enhance the quality.

[0074]

Next, a procedure for the wiring connection method for use with the wiring connection structure 50 for the electronic apparatus to the outside will be described below. Several harnesses 57 for outside connection having a certain length (e.g., length from the position of the electric circuit substrate portion 51 including the control circuit to the position of the power supply wiring portion such as an external battery, or to the position of the load wiring portion) are insert molded into the housing 55. In this insert molding, the front face lead-out portion 57a of the harness 57 for outside connection is disposed to penetrate through the projection rib 55a of the housing 55 in a state where the jacket 59 is covered over the core wire 58, the rear face end portion 57b of the harness 57 for outside connection is disposed within the projection rib 55b of the housing 55. After the electric circuit substrate portion 51 is mounted on the upper faces 55c and 55d of the projection ribs 55a and 55b in the housing 55, one end of the harness 57 is bend in a direction against the electric circuit substrate portion 51, and the core wire 58a having the jacket 59 removed a certain length is inserted into the bore 52b having the land on the electric circuit substrate portion 51 to project from the electric circuit substrate portion 51, whereby the core wire 58a of the projecting portions 61b and 61a is soldered with the land. And the lid 56 is put on the housing 55, and an electric apparatus of closed structure, for example, is assembled. Also, the harness 57 for outside connection insert molded into this housing 55 is laid a certain length from the front face lead-out portion 57a, and connected to the power supply wiring portion such as external battery and the load wiring portion.

[0075]

As described above, in the wiring connection method and structure 50 for the electronic apparatus to the outside according to the third embodiment of the invention, the harness 57 for outside connection is directly insert molded into the housing 55, without providing the bus bar to supply large current, one end of the harness 57 for outside connection within the housing 55 being soldered to the terminal of the electric circuit substrate portion 51, and the harness 57 for outside connection is connected to the power supply wiring portion such as external battery and the load wiring portion, whereby the number of parts such as bus bar and connector can be reduced, and no step for

soldering the bus bar and the connector pin is required, because of no use of the bus bar, resulting in lower costs. Moreover, it is possible to prevent a current loss due to the bus bar and the connector portion when supplying large current, and enhance the quality. Since the harness 57 for outside connection is insert molded into the housing 55, the harness 57 for outside connection has a stronger holding power.

[0076]

[Effect of the Invention]

As described above, with the present invention, the number of connecting steps can be reduced by connecting the bus bar and the harness before accommodating them within the housing. Also, the costs can be cut back by removing the wiring connection between the connector and the bus bar without using the connector. A current loss due to the connector portion is prevented even if a large current is applied, and the heating at the junction portion with the connector is diffused, whereby the quality can be improved.

[Brief Description of the Drawings]

[Fig. 1]

An appearance view showing a wiring connection structure for making the wiring of an electronic apparatus to the outside according to a first embodiment of the present invention.

[Fig. 2]

A cross-sectional view showing a wiring connection method

for making the wiring of the electronic apparatus to the outside according to the first embodiment of the invention, taken along the line B-B' in Fig. 1.

[Fig. 3]

An explanatory cross-sectional view showing the steps of the wiring connection method for making the wiring of the electronic apparatus to the outside according to the first embodiment of the invention.

[Fig. 4]

A cross-sectional view showing a wiring connection structure for making the wiring of an electronic apparatus to the outside according to a second embodiment of the invention.

[Fig. 5]

An explanatory cross-sectional view showing the steps of a wiring connection method for making the wiring of the electronic apparatus to the outside according to the second embodiment of the invention.

[Fig. 6]

A cross-sectional view showing a wiring connection structure for making the wiring of an electronic apparatus to the outside according to a third embodiment of the invention.

[Fig. 7]

An appearance view showing the conventional wiring connection structure for making the wiring of an electronic apparatus to the outside.

[Fig. 8]

A cross-sectional view showing the conventional wiring connection structure for making the wiring of the electronic apparatus to the outside, taken along the line A-A' in Fig. 7.

[Description of Reference Numerals and Signs]

- 1, 11, 31, 51 ... electric circuit substrate portion
- 2, 12, 32, 52 ... printed board
- 3, 13, 33, 53 ... electronic component
- 4, 14, 34 ... bus bar
- 5, 15, 35, 55 ... housing
- 6, 16, 36, 56 ... lid
- 7 ... connector pin
- 8, 9a, 9b, 23, 24 ... connector
- 10, 30, 50, 70 ... wiring connection structure for electronic apparatus to the outside
- 17, 37, 57 ... harness for connecting to the outside
- 18, 38, 58 ... core wire for harness
- 19, 39, 59 ... jacket for harness
- 45 ... electronic component of large heat capacity
- 46 ... heat radiating plate

[Name of Document] A

Abstract of the Disclosure

[Abstract]

[Object]

To provide a wiring connection method and structure for leading out the wiring inside the electronic apparatus to the outside, particularly a power wiring connection method and structure in which a large current is applied, wherein no connector is employed for the connection between the electronic apparatus and the outside, thereby dispensing with the step forwiring connection with the connector, and reducing the costs, and the heating of a connector portion due to an applied large current is diffused and a current loss is prevented.

[Solving Means]

The wiring connection method includes a step of connecting a bus bar 14 for making the wiring inside an electronic apparatus and a harness 17 for leading out the wiring to the outside, a step of placing the bus bar 14 and the harness 17 that are connected in a notch portion of a housing 15 for leading out the harness 17, and a step of filling a resin to fix the harness 17 in the notch portion of the housing 15.

Fig. 1

[Selected Drawing]